Impact of Individual Defection on **Collective Motion**

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 (x, y, ψ)

Question to Ponder

If individuals during collective motion probabilistically defect (do not interact) with their neighbours and rather keep moving in the same direction, can the group still collectively achieve consensus on the direction of motion (polarize)? Our simulations with probabilistically defecting agents in collective motion models show that, in the Pairwise interaction model, increasing probability to defect increases the polarization time. On the other hand, in the Couzin model, defecting in specific zones can speed up the alignment process.

Related Studies



Pairwise Interaction Model





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Agent Kinematics: Dubins' Car Model

Dubin et. al. 1957 (x, y) := cartesian co-ordinates, $\psi :=$ yaw, v := speed $\dot{x} = v \cos(\psi), \quad \dot{y} = v \sin(\psi), \quad \dot{\psi} = \omega, \quad \omega < \omega_{\max}$

Defection in Collective Motion



References

S. Agrawal, J. Jhawar, A. Reina, S.P. Baliyarasimhuni, H. Hamann, L. Li. Impact of Individual Defection on Collective Motion. In Proceedings of 14th International Conference on Swarm Intelligence (ANTS), LNCS 14987: in press. Springer, Cham, 2024.

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Defection with certain probability in specific zones reduces the polarisation time, T, and also the average energy cost, E.

Take Home Message

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(Adharmo'pi dharmo bhavati yadā dharmo'dharmo bhavati) "Even undesirable actions becomes good when good actions becomes undesirable."

Pairwise interaction model



Couzin model



Defection in pairwise model is not beneficial to the group.

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